



(x, θ) coordinates. GEN.

$$kl = mg$$

a) V , PUNKTSTAZ.

b) T

~~A~~

$$V = -mg \cdot l \cos \theta - 2mg \left\{ \left(l + \frac{x}{2} \right) \cos \theta - \frac{1}{2} \sin \theta \right\} + \frac{1}{2} k x^2$$

$$h = \sqrt{l^2 - \left(\frac{x}{2} \right)^2}$$

$$V = -2kl^2 \cos \theta - 2kl \left\{ \left(l + \frac{x}{2} \right) \cos \theta - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{l^2 - x^2/4} \sin \theta \right\} + \frac{1}{2} k x^2$$

$$= -kl \left\{ (4l+x) \cos \theta - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{l^2 - x^2/4} \sin \theta \right\} + \frac{1}{2} k x^2$$

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial x} = -2kl \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \cos \theta + \frac{1}{8} \frac{x}{\sqrt{l^2 - x^2/4}} \sin \theta \right\} + kx$$

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial \theta} = 2kl^2 \sin \theta - 2kl \left\{ - \left(l + \frac{x}{2} \right) \sin \theta - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{l^2 - x^2/4} \cos \theta \right\}$$

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial \theta} = 0 \Rightarrow 0 = \left(2l + \frac{x}{2} \right) \sin \theta + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{l^2 - x^2/4} \cos \theta$$

$$\Rightarrow \tan \theta = - \frac{\sqrt{l^2 - x^2/4}}{4l + x} \quad (*)$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \tan^2 \theta}} = \frac{4l + x}{\sqrt{(4l+x)^2 + l^2 - x^2/4}}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{\tan \theta}{\sqrt{1 + \tan^2 \theta}} = - \frac{\sqrt{l^2 - x^2/4}}{\sqrt{(4l+x)^2 + l^2 - x^2/4}}$$

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial x} = 0 \Rightarrow x \text{ SMR. SONNENSTAB}$$

$$-l \left\{ \frac{4l + \frac{3}{2}x}{\sqrt{(4l+x)^2 + l^2 - x^2/4}} \right\} -x = 0$$

Provato x, α si muove ad (*)

$$l \cos \alpha = x/2 \Rightarrow \alpha = \arccos\left(\frac{x}{2l}\right) \Rightarrow \dot{\alpha} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x}{2l}\right)^2}} \frac{\dot{x}}{2l}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3} m (4l)^2 \right) \dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m (\dot{G}_2^2 + \dot{G}_3^2) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{12} m l^2 \right) (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\alpha})^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{12} m l^2 \right) (\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha})^2$$

$$G_2 = \left(l \sin \theta + \frac{l}{2} \sin(\theta + \alpha), l \cos \theta + \frac{l}{2} \cos(\theta + \alpha) \right)$$

$$G_3 = \left(\left(l + \frac{x}{2} \right) \sin \theta + \frac{l}{2} \sin(\theta + \alpha), \left(l + \frac{x}{2} \right) \cos \theta + \frac{l}{2} \cos(\theta + \alpha) \right)$$

$$\dot{G}_2 = l \left(\cos \theta \dot{\theta} + \frac{1}{2} \cos(\theta + \alpha) (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\alpha}), -\sin \theta \dot{\theta} - \frac{1}{2} \sin(\theta + \alpha) (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\alpha}) \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{G}_2^2 &= l^2 \left\{ \dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{1}{4} (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\alpha})^2 + \dot{\theta} (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\alpha}) \left[\underbrace{\cos \theta \cos(\theta + \alpha) + \sin \theta \sin(\theta + \alpha)}_{\cos \alpha} \right] \right\} \\ &= l^2 \left\{ \dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{1}{4} (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\alpha})^2 + \dot{\theta} (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\alpha}) \frac{x}{2l} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{G}_3^{\#} = \left(\frac{\dot{x}}{2} \sin \theta + \left(l + \frac{x}{2} \right) \cos \theta \dot{\theta} + \frac{l}{2} \cos(\theta + \alpha) (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\alpha}), \frac{\dot{x}}{2} \cos \theta - \left(l + \frac{x}{2} \right) \sin \theta \dot{\theta} - \frac{l}{2} \sin(\theta + \alpha) (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\alpha}) \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{G}_3^2 &= \frac{\dot{x}^2}{4} + \left(l + \frac{x}{2} \right)^2 \dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{l^2}{4} (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\alpha})^2 + \frac{\dot{x}l}{2} (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\alpha}) \left\{ \underbrace{\sin \theta \cos(\theta + \alpha) + \cos \theta \sin(\theta + \alpha)}_{\sin \alpha} \right\} \\ &\quad + l \left(l + \frac{x}{2} \right) \dot{\theta} (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\alpha}) \left\{ \underbrace{\cos \theta \cos(\theta + \alpha) + \sin \theta \sin(\theta + \alpha)}_{\cos \alpha} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\cos \alpha \sin \alpha = \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x}{2l}\right)^2}$$